PROCERANOLIDE, A NOVEL TETRANORTRITERPENOID FROM CARAPA PROCERA

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In continuation of our investigations [1, 2] on the seeds of *Carapa procera*, we have isolated from the methanol extract a novel tetranortriterpenoid which we designate as proceranolide (1). We wish to report its isolation and structural determination by physical and chemical methods.

The methanol extract was concentrated, and the residue chromatographed on a Si gel column (hexane–EtOAc 19:1–3:2) to yield 69 fractions. Compound 1 was isolated from fractions 59–62 by prep. TLC on Si gel eluted with C_6H_6 –EtOAc (3:2). Mp 192–196°; M⁺ at m/e 470; $C_{27}H_{34}O_{71}$ (Found: C, 69.93%; H, 7.23%).

IR $v_{\text{max}}^{\text{KBr}}$ (cm⁻¹): 3550–3450 (OH), 3160 (C=C), 1740 (C=O, δ-lactone) 1710 (C=O, ester) and 872 (furan). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.72, 0.80, 1.02 and 1.12 (methyls), 2.42 (OH, disappeared with D₂O), 3.68 (s, OMe), 5.57 (s, H-17), 6.48 (m, Hβ-fur), 7.35 (t, J = 2 Hz, Hα-fur) and 7.44 (m, Hα'-fur).

The IR and ¹H NMR spectra were very characteristic [3] of a bicyclononanolide (2) (four methyls and one methyl—ester group, no epoxide and a double bond without vinylic protons). The ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃) showed 27 carbon atom signals. After their assignment, we noted that the spectrum was very similar to that of fissinolide (3), [4, 5] except that our compound had no acetate group. Therefore, we conclude that proceranolide is 3β -deacetylfissinolide (1).

Oxidation of proceranolide afforded a compound, mp 222–228°, identical (NMR, MS, IR, mmp) with an authentic sample of mexicanolide (4) [6] and acetylation yielded a compound, mp 170°, identical (NMR, MS, IR, mmp) with an authentic sample of fissinolide (3).

CO₂Me
O

$$R_1 R_2$$

1 $R_1 = OH, R_2 = H$
3 $R_1 = OAc, R_2 = H$
4 $R_1R_2 = O$

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